



**National  
Transportation  
Safety Board**

# Investigative Update of Battery Fire Japan Airlines B-787 - Jan 7, 2013

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*Chairman*

*January 24, 2013*



# Timeline – JAL Battery Incident

- 10:06am - aircraft arrived at gate in Boston from Narita, Japan
  - 183 passengers and 11 crew deplaned
- 10:32am - Cleaning and maintenance crew noticed smoke in cabin
- 10:35am - Mechanic noted flames coming from APU battery in aft electronics bay

## Timeline, cont.

- 10:37am – Airport Rescue & Fire Fighting notified
- 10:40am – Fire and rescue personnel arrive on scene
- 12:19pm – Fire and rescue personnel report event was “controlled”

# APU Battery

Exemplar Battery



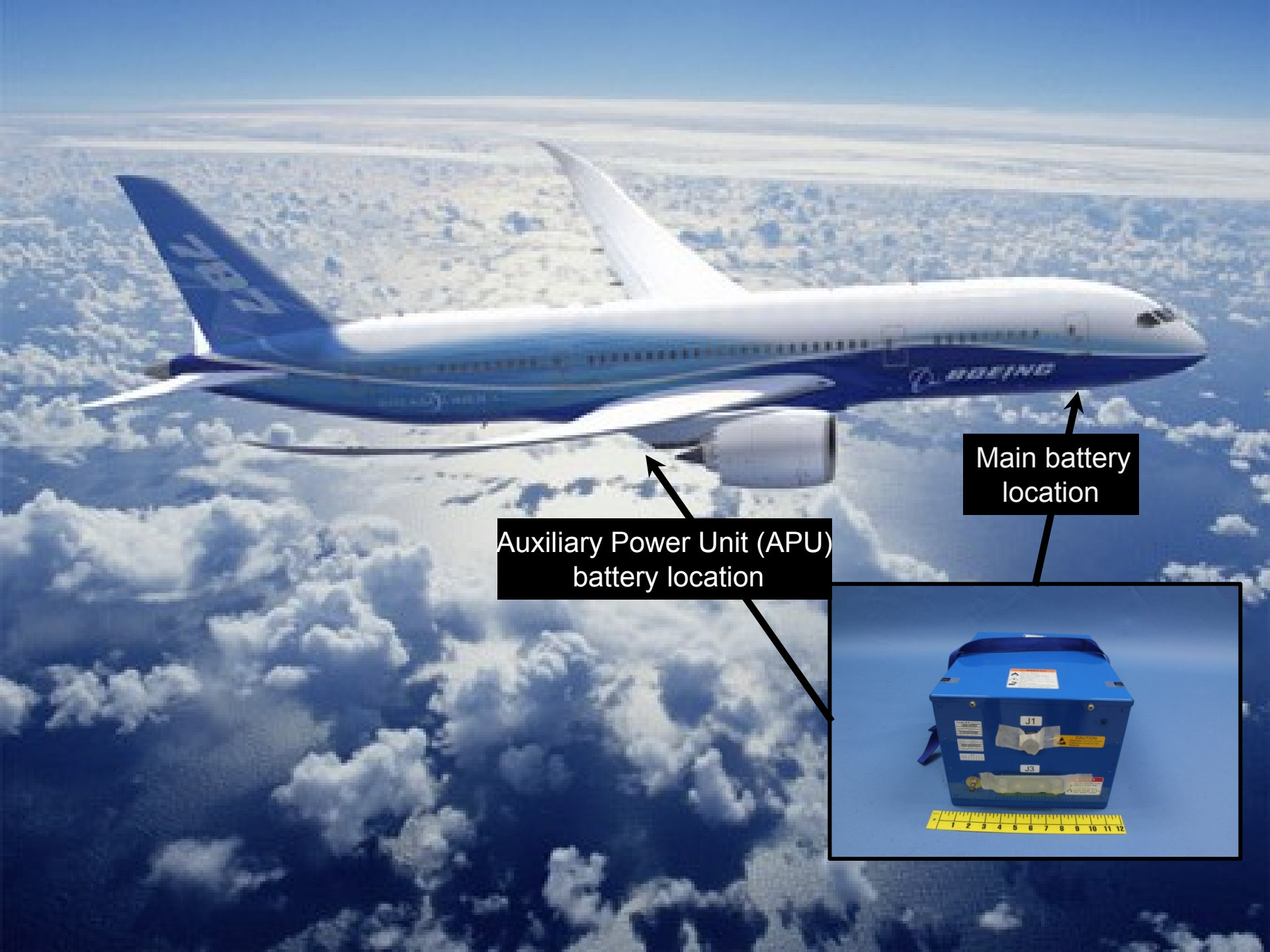
JAL Event Battery





# Damage to Aft Electronics Bay





Auxiliary Power Unit (APU)  
battery location

Main battery  
location



# Investigative Activities

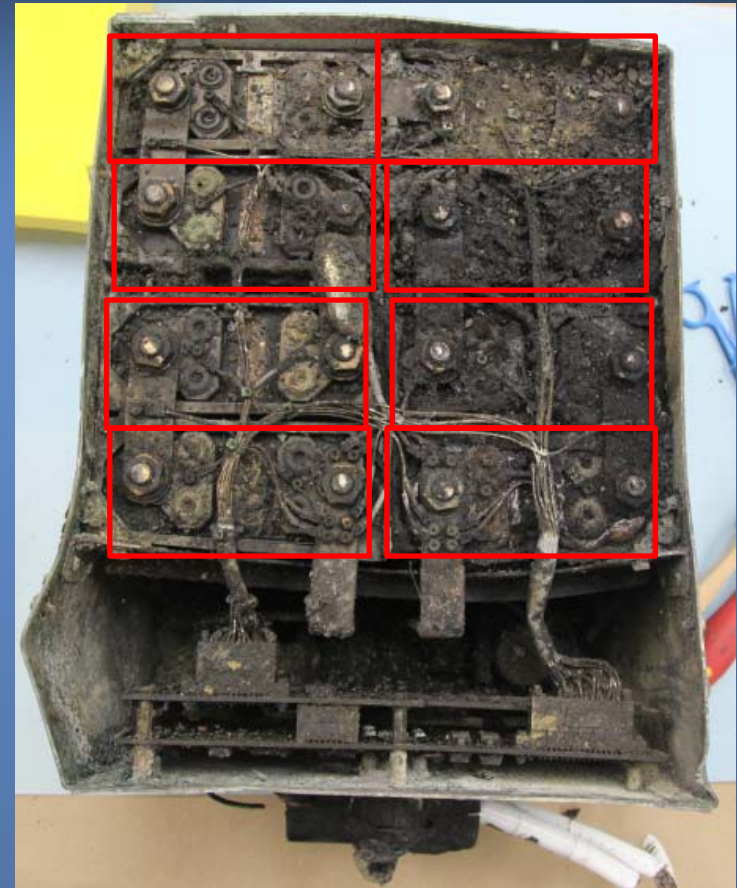
- Battery exam and teardown at NTSB Materials Laboratory
- Component exam and teardown
  - Tucson, AZ – Battery Charger Unit and Start Power Unit (Securaplane Technologies)
  - Phoenix, AZ – APU Controller (United Technology Aerospace Systems)
  - Seattle, WA – Two General Purpose Modules (Boeing Commercial Airplanes)
  - Fujisawa, Japan – Battery Monitoring Unit (Kanto Aircraft Instrument)



# JAL APU Battery Cells



Exemplar Battery

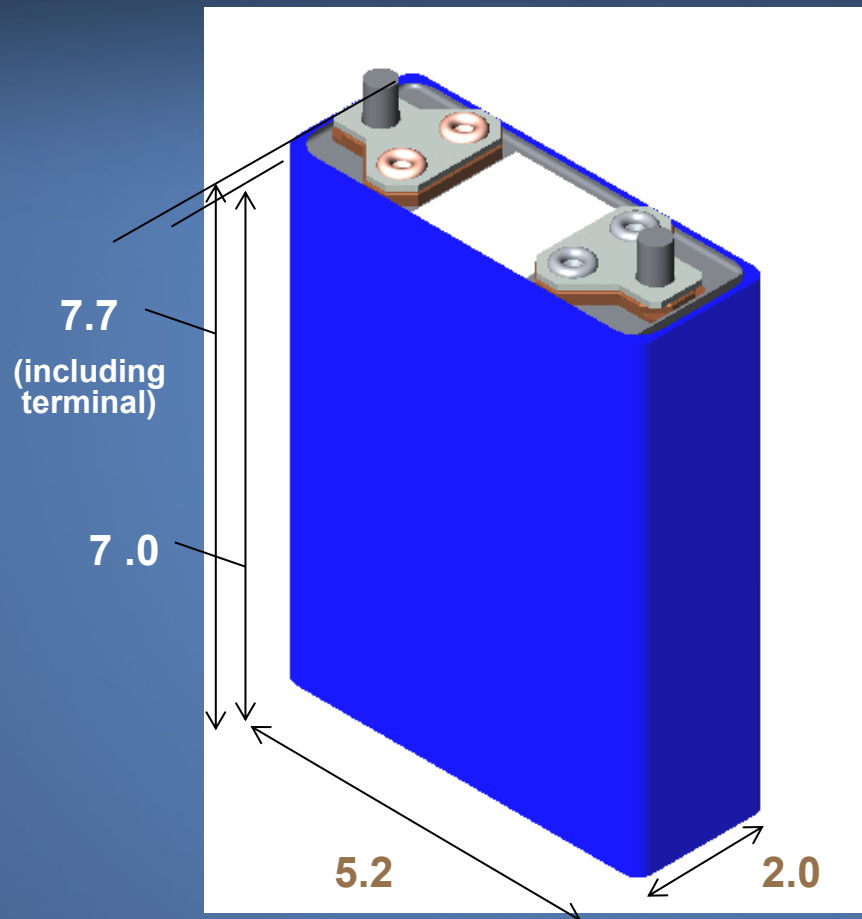


JAL Event Battery

# Cell and Battery Specifications

		Cell	Battery
Nominal capacity (Ah)		75	75
Nominal voltage		3.7	29.6
Operational voltage range (V)		2.5 – 4.025	20 – 32.2
Weight (lb.)		6.0	63
Dimensions (in.)			
	W	5.2	10.9
	D	2.0	14.2
	H	7.7	8.5

# Cell Design



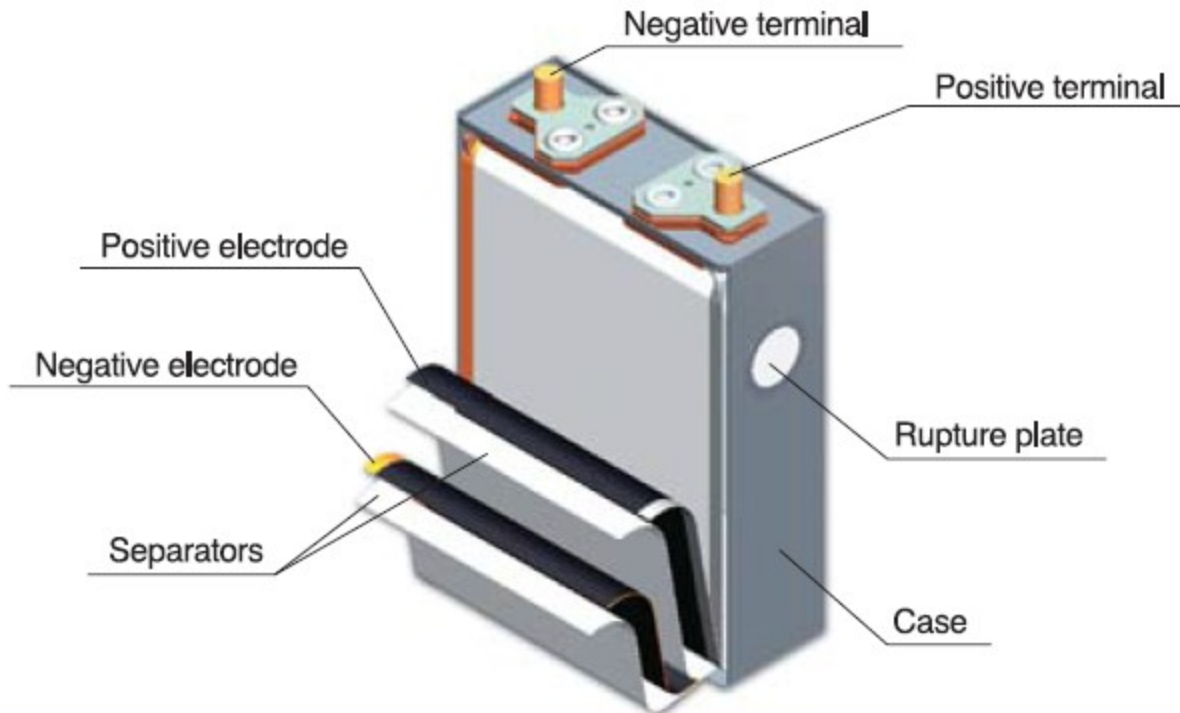
(Unit : inch)



NTSB

# Electrodes

## Cell construction





# Electrode Construction

separator

Carbon-based material

Cu →

Carbon-based material

separator

Li-CoO<sub>2</sub>-based material

Al →

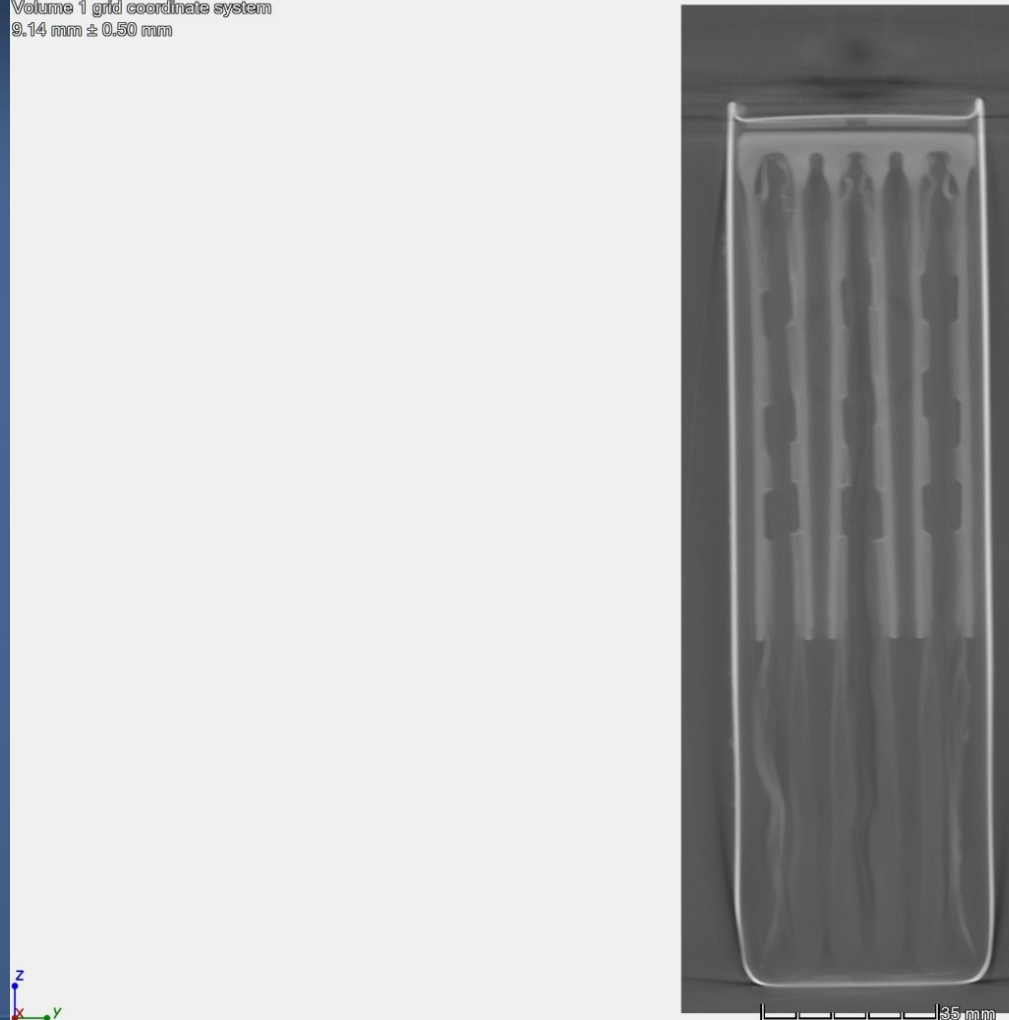
Li-CoO<sub>2</sub>-based material

Not to scale

# Example of a Cell CT Scan

DCA13IA037 - JAL 787 - Boston  
Volume 1 grid coordinate system  
9.14 mm  $\pm$  0.50 mm

Right 1



83%

# NTSB Lab Activities



# Cell Examinations To Date

SEM –  
Scanning Electron  
Microscopy

EDS –  
Energy Dispersive  
Spectroscopy

• CT scan of entire assembly		
8	• disassembled	• CT scan 1
7	• CT scan • disassembled • SEM	• disassembled 2
6	• CT scan • disassembled	• CT scan 3
5	• CT scan • disassembled • SEM • EDS	• CT scan 4



# We Are Looking For:

- Signs of thermal runaway
- Signs of electrical short circuiting
- Manufacturing defects
- “Anything unusual”

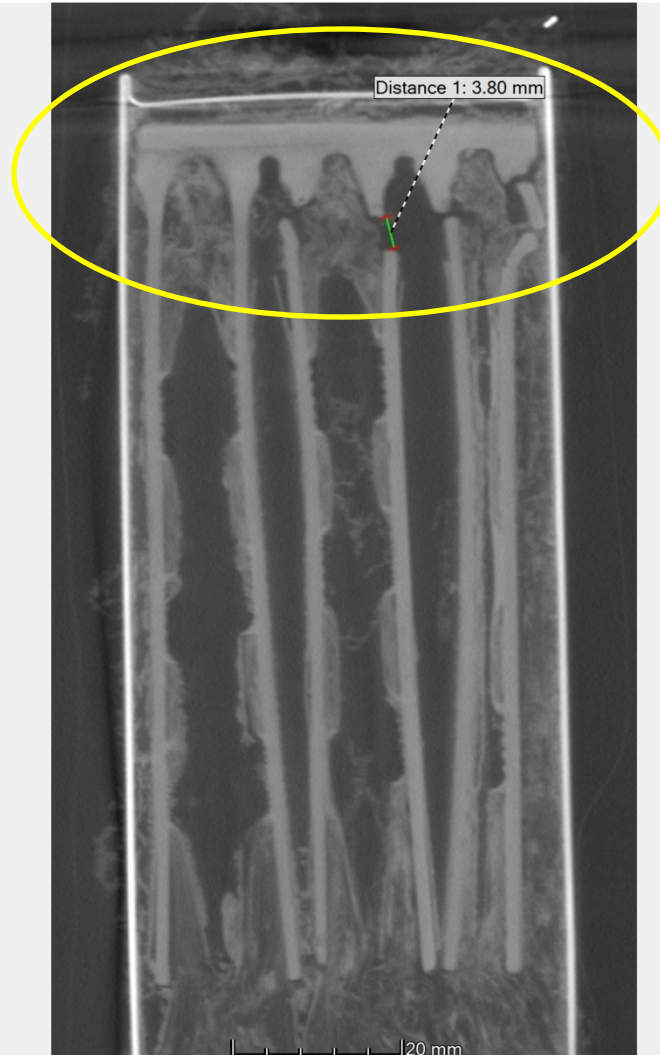
# Damaged Electrode - Internal Short Circuit



# Cell 6 CT Scan

DCA131A037 - JAL 787 - Boston  
Volume 1 grid coordinate system  
10.53 mm

Right 1



137%

# CT Scan of Battery



NTSB



# Findings To Date

- Fire was present
- Signs of thermal runaway
- Signs of electrical short circuiting

# Next Steps

- Complete the in-house laboratory examinations
- Conduct examinations and testing of exemplar batteries
- Synthesize lab examination findings with fire forensics and aviation systems investigation

# Parties to Investigation

- Federal Aviation Administration
- Boeing Commercial Airplanes
- Accredited Representatives
  - Japan – JTSB
    - GS Yuasa
    - Japan Airlines
  - France – BEA
    - Thales Avionics Electrical Systems
- Technical assistance provided by Carderock Division, Naval Surface Warfare Center

# JTSB Investigation ANA Battery Event



Photo by Reuters/Kyodo/Landov





# National Transportation Safety Board

# ANA – Smoke Vented During Flight

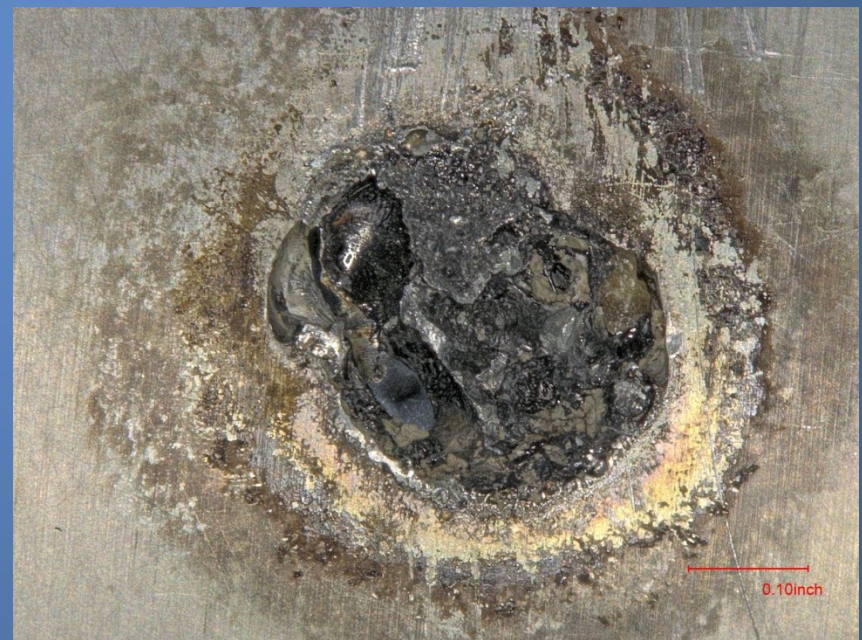


# Battery Case “Anomaly”

Viewed From Outside  
(Post-clean)

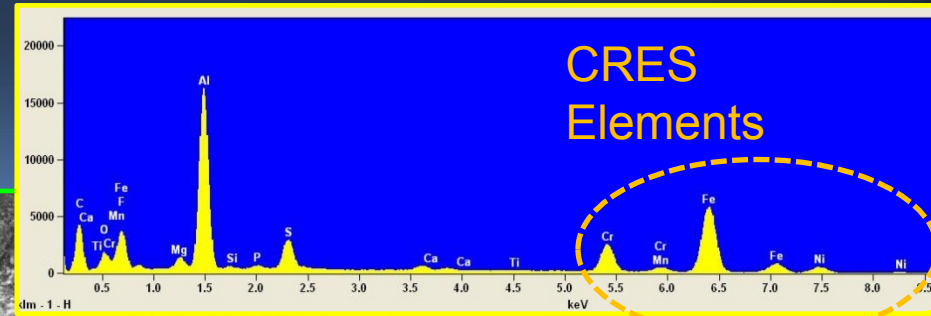
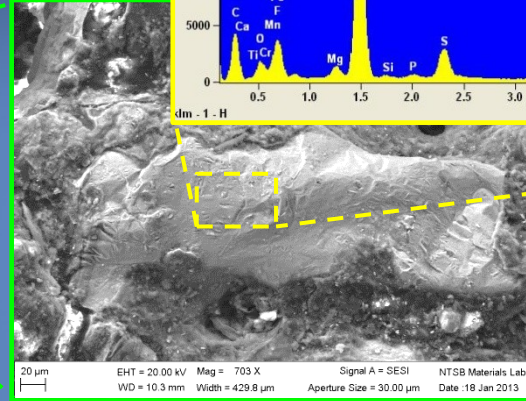
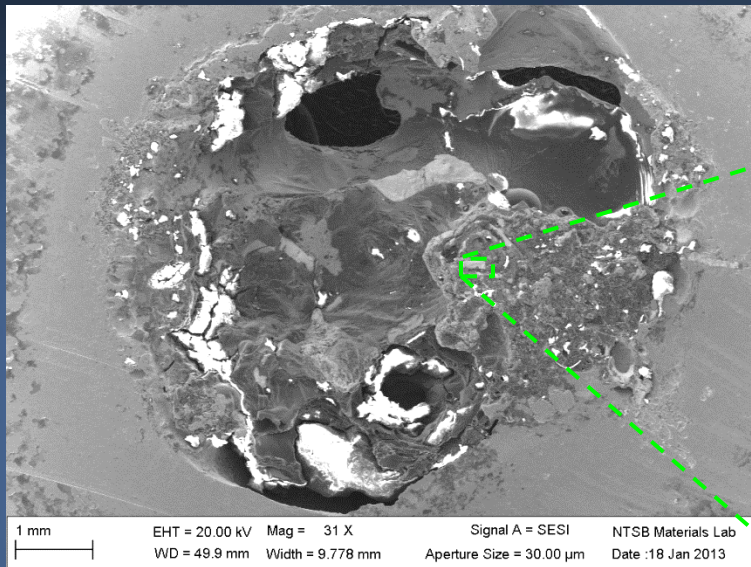


Viewed From Inside  
(Post-clean)





# Microscopic Inspection – Inside



- Finding: electrical arc between battery cell and inside of battery case
- Not believed to be initiating event